§ 241.23

part of the planning and implementation process required by the National Forest Management Act and the implementing regulations at 36 CFR part 219, National Forest System Land and Resource Management Planning.

- (d) Subject to valid existing rights, the responsible Forest Officer may incorporate into any permit or other authorization issued pursuant to 36 CFR part 251 or other regulations of this chapter any reasonably practicable measures that are determined to be necessary to maintain consistency with the conservation of fish, wildlife, and their habitat as provided by this subpart.
- (e) Subject to valid existing rights, the responsible Forest Officer may terminate, suspend, restrict, or require modification of any activity if it is determined that such measures are required to conserve wildlife, fish, or their habitat within the areas of the Chugach National Forest subject to this subpart. Prior to taking action to terminate, suspend, restrict, or require modification of an activity under this section, the responsible Forest Officer shall give affected parties reasonable prior notice and an opportunity to comment, unless it is determined that doing so would likely result in irreparable harm to conservation of fish, wildlife, and their habitat.
- (f) Decisions made pursuant to this section are subject to appeal only as provided in 36 CFR parts 217 and 251, subpart C.
- (g) Nothing in this section affects subsistence activities carried out in accordance with §241.23 of this subpart or other applicable law.

§ 241.23 Taking of fish and wildlife.

- (a) The taking of fish and wildlife by hunting, trapping, or fishing from lands subject to the rules of this subpart is authorized in accordance with applicable State and Federal law.
- (b) To the extent consistent with the conservation of fish and wildlife and their habitat in accordance with recognized scientific management principles, local rural residents who depend upon the Chugach National Forest for subsistence needs shall continue to have the opportunity to engage in a subsistence way of life on the lands to

which this subpart applies pursuant to applicable State and Federal law.

(c) To the extent consistent with the conservation of fish and wildlife and their habitat, the continuation of existing uses and the future establishment and use of temporary campsites, tent, platforms, shelters, and other temporary facilities and equipment directly and necessarily related to the taking of fish and wildlife may be authorized in accordance with applicable law and regulations. However, the Forest Supervisor may restrict or prohibit facilities or uses in the Copper River-Rude River addition or Copper River-Bering River area if it is determined, after adequate notice to the affected parties, that the continuation of such facilities or uses would materially interfere with or adversely affect the conservation of fish and wildlife and their habitat.

PART 242—SUBSISTENCE MANAGE-MENT REGULATIONS FOR PUBLIC LANDS IN ALASKA

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

242.1 Purpose.242.2 Authority.

242.3 Applicability and scope.

242.4 Definitions.

242.5 Eligibility for subsistence use.

242.6 Licenses, permits, harvest tickets, tags, and reports.

242.7 Restriction on use.

242.8 Penalties.

242.9 Information collection requirements.

Subpart B—Program Structure

242.10 Federal Subsistence Board.

242.11 Regional advisory councils.

242.12 Local advisory committees.242.13 Board/agency relationships.

242.14 Relationship to State procedures and regulations.

242.15 Rural determination process.

242.16 Customary and traditional use determination process.

242.17 Determining priorities for subsistence uses among rural Alaska residents.

242.18 Regulation adoption process.

242.19 Special actions.

242.20 Request for reconsideration.

242.21 [Reserved]

Subpart C—Board Determinations

242.22 Subsistence resource regions.

- 242.23 Rural determinations.
- 242.24 Customary and traditional use determinations.

Subpart D—Subsistence Taking of Fish and Wildlife

- 242.25 Subsistence taking of fish, wildlife, and shellfish: general regulations.
- 242.26 Subsistence taking of wildlife.
- 242.27 Subsistence taking of fish.
- 242.28 Subsistence taking of shellfish.

AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 3, 472, 551, 668dd, 3101–3126; 18 U.S.C. 3551–3586; 43 U.S.C. 1733.

Subpart A—General Provisions

SOURCE: 67 FR 30563, May 7, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§242.1 Purpose.

The regulations in this part implement the Federal Subsistence Management Program on public lands within the State of Alaska.

§242.2 Authority.

The Secretary of the Interior and Secretary of Agriculture issue the regulations in this part pursuant to authority vested in Title VIII of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA), 16 U.S.C. 3101–3126.

§ 242.3 Applicability and scope.

- (a) The regulations in this part implement the provisions of Title VIII of ANILCA relevant to the taking of fish and wildlife on public lands in the State of Alaska. The regulations in this part do not permit subsistence uses in Glacier Bay National Park, Kenai Fjords National Park, Katmai National Park, and that portion of Denali National Park established as Mt. McKinley National Park prior to passage of ANILCA, where subsistence taking and uses are prohibited. The regulations in this part do not supersede agency-specific regulations.
- (b) The regulations contained in this part apply on all public lands including all non-navigable waters located on these lands, on all navigable and non-navigable water within the exterior boundaries of the following areas, and on inland waters adjacent to the exterior boundaries of the following areas:
- (1) Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge;

- (2) Alaska Peninsula National Wildlife Refuge;
- (3) Aniakchak National Monument and Preserve;
- (4) Arctic National Wildlife Refuge;
- (5) Becharof National Wildlife Refuge;
- (6) Bering Land Bridge National Preserve;
- (7) Cape Krusenstern National Monument;
- (8) Chugach National Forest, excluding marine waters;
- (9) Denali National Preserve and the 1980 additions to Denali National Park;
- (10) Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve;
 - (11) Glacier Bay National Preserve;
 - (12) Innoko National Wildlife Refuge;
- (13) Izembek National Wildlife Refuge;
 - (14) Katmai National Preserve;
 - (15) Kanuti National Wildlife Refuge;
 - (16) Kenai National Wildlife Refuge;
 - (17) Kobuk Valley National Park;
 - (18) Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge;
- (19) Koyukuk National Wildlife Refuge;
- (20) Lake Clark National Park and Preserve;
- (21) National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska;
 - (22) Noatak National Preserve;
- (23) Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge:
- (24) Selawik National Wildlife Refuge;
- (25) Steese National Conservation Area;
- (26) Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge;
- (27) Togiak National Wildlife Refuge; (28) Tongass National Forest, including Admiralty Island National Monument and Misty Fjords National Monu-
- ment, and excluding marine waters; (29) White Mountain National Recreation Area;
- (30) Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve:
- (31) Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve:
- (32) Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge;
- (33) Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge;
- (34) All components of the Wild and Scenic River System located outside the boundaries of National Parks, National Preserves, or National Wildlife